

La Criminologie

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2021-01-13

HUERTA HOWARD

Droits Et Voix - Rights and Voices Martinus Nijhoff Publishers
The Italian criminologist Cesare Lombroso (1835 - 1909) is the single-most important figure in the founding of criminology and the study of aberrant conduct in the human sciences. The Cesare Lombroso Handbook brings together essays by leading Lombroso scholars and is divided into four main parts, each focusing on a major theme. Part one examines the range and scope of Lombroso's thinking; the mimetic quality of Lombroso; his texts and their interpretation. The second part explores why his ideas, such as born criminology and atavistic criminals, had such broad appeal. Developing this, the third section considers the manners in which Lombroso's ideas spread across borders; cultural, linguistic, political and disciplinary, by including essays on the science and literature of opera, 'La donna delinquente' and 'Jewish criminality'. The final part investigates examples of where, and when, his influence extended and explores the reception of Lombroso in the UK, USA, France, China, Spain and the Philippines. This text presents interdisciplinary work on Lombroso from academics engaged in social history, history of ideas, law and criminology, social studies of science, gender studies, cultural studies and Jewish studies. It will be of interest to scholars, students and the general reader alike.

Psychiatrie en Neurologische Bladen Presses Univ. Septentrion
Presents state-of-the-art research and teaching into the study of corruption and those affected by it. Analyzes the benefits and disadvantages of various teaching methodologies in universities, police academies, and crime victim services.

Changes in Society, Crime and Criminal Justice in Europe IGI Global

DIVCet ouvrage souligne le 40e anniversaire du Département de criminologie de l'Université d'Ottawa, fondé en 1968. On y relate l'histoire du département de ses origines à nos jours en mettant l'accent sur les débats théoriques qui ont influencé son approche critique et autoréflexive de la criminologie. Les articles qui le composent s'inscrivent dans cet ordre d'idée en mettant en question la perspective traditionnelle de la criminologie sur divers sujets, notamment les études policières, la santé mentale, la violence politique, le suicide et la prévention du crime. Droits et voix souligne le rôle primordial que joue l'Université d'Ottawa dans la redéfinition de la criminologie et la promotion du militantisme, de la justice sociale et de la compassion. -- This volume commemorates the 40th anniversary of the University of Ottawa's Department of Criminology, founded in 1968. It relates the history of the department from its origins to today, focusing on the theoretical debates that have influenced its critical and self reflexive approach to criminology. The contributions to this volume continue in that vein by questioning the traditional perspective of criminology on a variety of topics including police studies, mental health, political violence, suicide, and crime prevention. Rights and Voices reveals the significant role that the University of Ottawa has played in redefining criminology to advocate activism, social justice, and compassion./div

Histoire de la criminologie française Routledge

Depuis toujours, les communautés humaines ont confié à certains des leurs la mission d'assurer leur protection contre le crime et l'insécurité. Au fil du temps, et durant des siècles, la police s'est ainsi progressivement professionnalisée, en expérimentant les moyens de toujours mieux sécuriser les villes et les campagnes. Il faudra toutefois attendre les dernières décennies pour que les historiens et les criminologues ne s'intéressent à cette séculaire accumulation de savoirs et de savoir-faire, et évaluant les stratégies et tactiques mises au point. C'est sur la base de ces études que l'auteur, chercheur au Centre international de criminologie comparée de l'Université de Montréal, décrit le long cheminement des hommes dans leur quête de la sécurité. Il montre ici comment la police moderne des XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles parvient en Europe à faire reculer les taux d'homicide ; les effets sur la criminalité des réformes policières déployées dans certaines grandes capitales, lors des siècles passés ; la manière dont nos ancêtres se protégeaient contre les bandes de brigands et celle dont la police d'aujourd'hui parvient à désorganiser les organisations criminelles ; les moyens par lesquels les organisations policières et de sécurité privée ont réussi à faire reculer la criminalité à la fin du siècle dernier, au Canada et aux Etats-Unis. Une mise en perspective unique et originale de la criminologie contemporaine à l'aune de son histoire, un ouvrage passionnant, destiné à un large public.

Droits Et Voix - Rights and Voices UBC Press

Criminology in Africa has been produced with contributions from leading African authors who have focussed on the various

problems facing Africa today regarding crime and criminal justice, and they have, at the same time, put forward their ideas and suggestions for coming to terms with these massive problems.

La criminologie Bayard Canada Livres

DIVCet ouvrage souligne le 40e anniversaire du Département de criminologie de l'Université d'Ottawa, fondé en 1968. On y relate l'histoire du département de ses origines à nos jours en mettant l'accent sur les débats théoriques qui ont influencé son approche critique et autoréflexive de la criminologie. Les articles qui le composent s'inscrivent dans cet ordre d'idée en mettant en question la perspective traditionnelle de la criminologie sur divers sujets, notamment les études policières, la santé mentale, la violence politique, le suicide et la prévention du crime. Droits et voix souligne le rôle primordial que joue l'Université d'Ottawa dans la redéfinition de la criminologie et la promotion du militantisme, de la justice sociale et de la compassion. -- This volume commemorates the 40th anniversary of the University of Ottawa's Department of Criminology, founded in 1968. It relates the history of the department from its origins to today, focusing on the theoretical debates that have influenced its critical and self reflexive approach to criminology. The contributions to this volume continue in that vein by questioning the traditional perspective of criminology on a variety of topics including police studies, mental health, political violence, suicide, and crime prevention. Rights and Voices reveals the significant role that the University of Ottawa has played in redefining criminology to advocate activism, social justice, and compassion./div

Crime, Histoire et Sociétés, 1998/2 QUE SAIS-JE
This volume of the Yearbook of the European Convention on Human Rights, prepared by the Directorate of Human Rights of the Council of Europe relates to 1991. Its presentation follows that of the previous volume. Part one contains basic texts and information of a general nature; Part two deals with the European Commission of Human Rights; Part three with the European Court of Human Rights; Part four with the Resolutions of the Committee of Ministers; and Parts five and six with the other work of the Council of Europe in the field of human rights, the situation in the Member States, and developments within the European Communities. A Bibliography and Index are included.Ce volume de l'Annuaire de la Convention européenne des Droits de l'homme, préparé par la Direction des Droits de l'homme du Conseil de l'Europe, concerne l'année 1991. La première partie contient des textes fondamentaux; la deuxième partie contient les rapports de la Commission européenne des Droits de l'homme; la troisième partie donne des informations sur la Cour européenne des Droits de l'homme; la quatrième partie contient les Résolutions du Comité des Ministres; et les cinquième et sixième parties regroupent toutes les autres activités concernant la Convention dans le cadre du Conseil de l'Europe et comprennent des informations sur les débats devant les parlements nationaux et sur les développements au sein des Communautés européennes concernant la protection des droits de l'homme. Le volume se termine avec une bibliographie et une index.

Mafia-type Organisations and Extortion in Italy Anthem Press

Ce livre constitue le premier traité d'histoire de la criminologie française. Aux catalogues de doctrines que présentent d'ordinaire les manuels de la discipline, il substitue une lecture plus cohérente, plus documentée et plus réflexive de près de deux siècles d'apport scientifiques. C'est dans ce but que des historiens se sont alliés à des sociologues, des psychologues et des psychiatres pour faire le point sur les grandes théories et sur de nombreuses applications qui ont animé cette histoire étonnamment riche. En effet, phrénologie, anthropologie, biologie, génétique, sociologie, géographie humaine, psychologie, psychiatrie et psychanalyse, toutes ces disciplines ont tenté et tentent encore d'expliquer ce comportement humain fascinant et terrifiant : le crime. Retracer la genèse et les multiples développements de cette aventure scientifique, pointer ses succès et ses échecs, montrer aussi bien les évolutions que les permanences des méthodes et des raisonnements, dégager des axes d'intelligibilité pour servir le réflexion criminologique d'aujourd'hui, tels sont aussi les enjeux de cette histoire. Ecrit dans un souci de précision historique mais aussi de lisibilité ce livre s'adresse à tous ceux qui souhaitent porter un regard plus serein sur ce qui reste à la fois une question scientifique très débattue et un des grands problèmes sociaux de notre temps. *Yearbook of the European Convention on Human Rights/Annuaire de la convention européenne des droits de l'homme* , Volume 34 Volume 34, 1991 PPUR Presses polytechniques

La criminologie est la science qui étudie les caractéristiques et les causes du phénomène criminel. Elle permet de construire un savoir rigoureux sur le crime et sur tout ce qui s'y rapporte. Dans cet ouvrage, le lecteur trouvera des réponses aux questions : Que

savons-nous sur la dynamique de l'action criminelle ? Sur le milieu criminel ? Sur les délinquants et leur style de vie ? Sur l'efficacité des moyens de lutte contre le crime ? En d'autres termes, cet ouvrage d'initiation expose les notions principales et fait le bilan des connaissances les plus actuelles de cette discipline. Cette cinquième édition mise à jour propose de nouveaux développements : premièrement, sur la pensée stratégique en criminologie, notamment sur la dynamique des relations entre le délinquant, la victime et les acteurs du contrôle social ; deuxièmement, des chiffres récents sur l'évolution de la criminalité ; troisièmement, un état des connaissances actuelles sur l'efficacité des moyens de lutte contre le crime. Points forts :- Un ouvrage clair et synthétique.- Une mise à jour tenant compte des dernières statistiques sur le sujet.- Nouvelle couverture plus souple, plus pratique pour une lecture dans les transports. Sommaire : 1. Le crime et la criminologie- La notion de crime- La méthode- Le phénomène criminel 2. Brève histoire de la pensée sur le crime- L'Ancien Régime- Les Lumières- Le XIXe siècle 3. La criminologie au XXe siècle- La criminologie clinique et l'étude des carrières criminelles- La tradition durkheimienne : l'intégration sociale et l'anomie- Les théories de la réaction sociale à la déviance- La criminologie de l'acte et le choix rationnel 4. Le délit : irrationnel, rationnel et stratégique- Les limites de la rationalité- La pensée stratégique- Le hold-up comme stratégie- L'analyse de la tactique du hold-up et des parades qui lui sont opposés 5. Le délinquant- Le style de vie- La récidive 6. Le milieu délinquant- L'apprentissage social de la délinquance- Morphologie sociale de la délinquance- Milieu délinquant et violences criminelles 7. La victime- L'expérience de la victimisation- La dénonciation- Conclusion : éléments d'une théorie de la victimisation 8. Les contrôles sociaux et leur efficacité- Les contrôles sociaux informels, l'éducation et la prévention développementale- Diversité et efficacité des moyens de préventions situationnelle- La sanction pénale- L'effet structurant des contrôles sociaux sur la criminologie Conclusion : problèmes criminels actuels. Auteur : Maurice Cusson est professeur émérite à l'École de criminologie de l'université de Montréal et chercheur au Centre international de criminologie comparée. Il est l'auteur de plusieurs ouvrages, notamment : *Délinquants pourquoi ? Le Contrôle social du crime*, *La Délinquance*, *une vie choisie* et *L'Art de la sécurité*. En 2010, l'Association internationale des criminologues de langue française lui a décerné le prix Beaumont-Tocqueville. Public : Étudiants de l'Institut de criminologie de Paris, étudiants en M1 Droit mention Droit privé, M1 Droit mention Carrières judiciaires et sciences criminelles, étudiants en sociologie...

Droits et voix - Rights and Voices Routledge

Par cette histoire inédite des sciences de l'homme et de la criminologie, Jean Pinatel inscrit le crime - et la discipline qui lui est consacrée - dans l'histoire de l'humanité. Avec beaucoup d'érudition et de clarté, il interroge les cadres de la pensée anthropologique et criminologique, des Sociétés Antiques à nos jours, relativement au phénomène criminel, à la dynamique du crime et à la réaction sociale qu'il ne manque pas de susciter.

RHSH n°3 - Gabriel Tarde et la criminologie au tournant du siècle Taylor & Francis

This book is about people who are marginalised in criminology; it is an attempt to make space and amplify voices that are too often overlooked, spoken about, or for. In recognising the deep-seated structural inequalities that exist within criminal justice, higher education, and the field of criminology, we offer this text as a critical pause to the reader and invite you to reflect and consider within your studies and learning experience, your teaching, and your research: whose voices dominate, and whose are marginalised or excluded within criminology and why? This edited collection offers chapters from international criminology scholars, activists, and practitioners to bring together a range of perspectives that have been marginalised or excluded from criminological discourse. It considers both obscured and marginalised criminological theorists and schools of thought, presents alternative viewpoints on 'traditional' criminal justice themes, and considers how marginalisation is perpetuated through criminological research and criminological teaching. Engaging with debates on power, colonialism, identity, hegemony and privilege, and bringing together perspectives on gender, race and ethnicity, indigenous knowledge (s), queer and LGBTQ+ issues, disabilities, and class, this concise collection brings together key thinkers and ideas around concerns about epistemological supremacy. Marginalised Voices in Criminology is crucial reading for courses on criminological theory and concerns, diversity, gender, race, and identity.

La criminologie Univ of North Carolina Press

Au sommaire : Gabriel Tarde et les criminologues italiens de son

temps à partir de sa correspondance inédite ou retrouvée ; Criminologie, hygiénisme et eugénisme en France (1870-1914) ; Problèmes de criminalité.

Cases on Technologies for Teaching Criminology and Victimology: Methodologies and Practices African Books Collective

This volume of the Yearbook of the European Convention on Human Rights, prepared by the Directorate of Human Rights of the Council of Europe relates to 1990. Its presentation follows that of the previous volume. Part one contains basic texts and information of a general nature; Part two deals with the European Commission of Human Rights; Part three with the European Court of Human Rights; Part four with the Resolutions of the Committee of Ministers; and Parts five and six with the other work of the Council of Europe in the field of human rights, the situation in the Member States, and developments within the European Communities. A Bibliography and Index are included. Ce volume de l'Annuaire de la Convention européenne des Droits de l'homme, préparé par la Direction des Droits de l'homme du Conseil de l'Europe, concerne l'année 1990. La première partie contient des textes fondamentaux; la deuxième partie contient les rapports de la Commission européenne des Droits de l'homme; la troisième partie donne des informations sur la Cour européenne des Droits de l'homme; la quatrième partie contient les Résolutions du Comité des Ministres; et les cinquième et sixième parties regroupent toutes les autres activités concernant la Convention dans le cadre du Conseil de l'Europe et comprennent des informations sur les débats devant les parlements nationaux et sur les développements au sein des Communautés européennes concernant la protection des droits de l'homme. Le volume se termine avec une bibliographie et une index alphabétique.

Crime, Histoire et Sociétés, 2004/2 University of Ottawa Press

This book presents the work of a new generation of critical criminologists who explore the geographical, institutional, and political contexts of the discipline in Canada. Breaking away from mainstream criminology and law-and-order discourses, the authors offer a spectrum of theoretical approaches to criminal justice -- from governmentality to feminist criminology, from critical realism to anarchism and they propose novel approaches to topics ranging from genocide to white-collar crime. By posing crucial questions and attempting to define what criminology should be, this book will shape debates about crime, policing, and punishment for years to come.

Annuaire de la Convention Européenne Des Droits de L'homme Editions L'Harmattan

A history of criminology as a history of science and practice.

Changes in Society, Crime and Criminal Justice in Europe Springer

Despite a shared focus on crime and its 'extended family', forensic scientists and criminologists tend to work in isolation rather than sharing the data, methods and knowledge that will broaden the understanding of the criminal phenomenon and its

related subjects. Bringing together perspectives from international experts, this book explores the intersection between criminology and forensic science and considers how knowledge from both fields can contribute to a better understanding of crime and offer new directions in theory and methodology. This handbook is divided into three parts: Part I explores the epistemological and historical components of criminology and forensic science, focusing on their scientific and social origins. Part II considers how collaboration between these disciplines can bring about a better understanding of the organizations and institutions that react to crime, including the court, intelligence, prevention, crime scene investigation and policing. Part III discusses the phenomena and actors that produce crime, including a reflection on the methodological issues, challenges and rewards regarding the sharing of these two disciplines. The objective of this handbook is to stimulate a 'new' interdisciplinary take on the study of crime, to show how both forensic and criminological theories and knowledge can be combined to analyse crime problems and to open new methodological perspectives. It will be essential reading for students and researchers engaged with forensic science, criminology, criminal behaviour, criminal investigation, crime analysis and criminal justice.

Critical Criminology in Canada Cambridge University Press

Since the 1990s, a growing number of criminal courts around the world have been using expert assessments based on behavioral genetics and neuroscience to evaluate the responsibility and dangerousness of offenders. Despite this rapid circulation, however, we still know very little about the scientific knowledge underlying these expert evaluations. Hereditary traces the historical development of biosocial criminology in the United States from the 1960s to the present, showing how the fate of this movement is intimately linked to that of the field of criminology as a whole. In claiming to identify the biological and environmental causes of so-called "antisocial" behaviors, biosocial criminologists are redefining the boundary between the normal and the pathological. Julien Larregue examines what is at stake in the development of biosocial criminology. Beyond the origins of delinquency, Larregue addresses the reconfiguration of expertise in contemporary societies, and in particular the territorial struggles between the medical and legal professions. For if the causes of crime are both biological and social, its treatment may call for medical as well as legal solutions.

La criminologie University of Ottawa Press

Mafia-type organizations generate several distorting effects on the economy. In Italy their presence is endemic, and not only in Southern regions such as Sicily, Campania or Calabria. Such organizations endure the fierce and continuous pressure exerted by Italian anti-mafia policy, maybe the most articulate and effective such policy in the world. Nevertheless, they have survived by submerging, transforming, and relocating their

operations. The analysis of the different Mafias of today benefits from a huge amount of empirical data produced by investigators. This allows us to outline more reliable indexes of the penetration of Mafiosi in given territories, as well as to estimate the size of their activities in a transparent and empirically testable way. The contributions gathered in this book stem from the application of an innovative methodology originally introduced by the Fondazione Rocco Chinnici, and they enlarge our understanding of such a complex and dynamic phenomenon. After the presentation of the approach, the chapters are devoted to the Camorra's present situation, to an estimate of the size of extortion, to a comparison between Cosa Nostra and Camorra, to the analysis of wiretapped conversations and, finally, to the delocalization of Mafias and the perspectives of a European anti-mafia policy. This book was originally published as a special issue of Global Crime.

The Plight of Crime Victims in Modern Society McGill-Queen's Press - MQUP

Nineteenth-century French scholars, during a turbulent era of revolution and industrialization, ranked intelligence and character according to facial profile, skin colour, and head shape. They believed that such indicators could determine whether individuals were educable and peoples perfectible. In *Labeling People* Martin Staum examines the Paris societies of phrenology (reading intelligence and character by head shapes), geography, and ethnology and their techniques for classifying people. He shows how the work of these social scientists gave credence to the arrangement of races in a hierarchy, the domination of non-European peoples, and the limitation of opportunities for ill-favoured individuals within France. social scientists before 1848 with a later period of concern for national decline and racial degeneration, Staum demonstrates that the earlier learned societies were also fearful of turmoil at home and interested in adventure abroad. Both geographers and ethnologists created concepts of fundamental racial inequality that prefigured the imperialist associationist discourse of the Third Republic, believing that European tutelage would guide civilizable peoples, and providing an open invitation to dominate and exploit the uncivilizable.

Inventing the Criminal Martinus Nijhoff Publishers

'The Anthem Companion to Gabriel Tarde' offers the best contemporary work on Gabriel Tarde, written by the best scholars currently working in this field. Original, authoritative and wide-ranging, the critical assessments of this volume will make it ideal for Tarde students and scholars alike. 'Anthem Companions to Sociology' offer authoritative and comprehensive assessments of major figures in the development of sociology from the last two centuries. Covering the major advancements in sociological thought, these companions offer critical evaluations of key figures in the American and European sociological tradition, and will provide students and scholars with both an in-depth assessment of the makers of sociology and chart their relevance to modern society.