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2022-08-11

MARIANA BERG

Something Rising (light and Swift)

International Labour Organization
Focuses on the public sector in developing countries. Provides tools of analysis for discovering equity in tax burdens as well as in public spending and judging government performance in its role in safeguarding the interests of the poor and disadvantaged. Outlines a framework for a rights-based approach to citizen empowerment - in other words, creating an institutional design with appropriate rules, restraints, and incentives to make the public sector responsive and accountable to an average voter.

Notes Sur la Constitution Anchor Books

This 1978 report discusses trends and prospects for public expenditures and revenues.

Where Women are Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ; [Washington, D.C. : sold by OECD Publications Center]
Title on added t.p.: Notes sur la Constitution.

Beginners Low Carb Cookbook Le

Bureau

Departments, central agencies, federal regional councils and functional communities, leadership, action, renewal, energy, learning, expertise, values, excellence.

Unbowed Routledge

Improving Student Retention in Higher Education provides a practical, curriculum-based response to the current situation in higher education, where participating students emanate from a range of backgrounds; international and lower socioeconomic backgrounds, mature aged students, students with disabilities as well as those for whom higher education is the first family experience. Underpinned by research indicating that students are more likely to continue with higher education if they are engaged in their studies and have developed networks and relationships with their fellow students, this book presents best practice examples of innovative and inclusive curriculum, from a range of countries.

Animating Devolution in Kenya

Routledge

A selection of papers from the first symposium devoted to competency

based learning held in March 1989. The book provides an historical backdrop for anyone coming new to the study of Competency-Based Education and Training (CBET).

Yatta East African Publishers

What is the human cost of the global economic crisis? This year's Global Monitoring Report, *The MDGs after the Crisis*, examines the impact of the worst recession since the Great Depression on poverty and human development outcomes in developing countries.

Although the recovery is under way, the impact of the crisis will be lasting and immeasurable. The impressive precrisis progress in poverty reduction will slow, particularly in low-income countries in Africa. No household in developing countries is immune. Gaps will persist to 2020. In 2015, 20 million more people in Sub-Saharan Africa will be in extreme poverty and 53 million more people globally. Even households above the \$1.25-a-day poverty line in higher-income developing countries are coping by buying cheaper food, delaying other purchases, reducing visits to doctors, working longer hours, or taking multiple jobs. The crisis will also have serious costs on human development indicators:

- 1.2 million more children under age five and 265,000 more infants will die between 2009 and 2015.
- 350,000 more students will not complete primary education in 2015.
- 100 million fewer people will have access to safe drinking water in 2015 because of the crisis.

History tells us that if we let the recovery slide and allow the crisis to lead to widespread domestic policy failures and institutional breakdowns in poor countries, the negative impact on human development outcomes, especially on children and women, will be disastrous. The international financial institutions

and international community responded strongly and quickly to the crisis, but more is needed to sustain the recovery and regain the momentum in achieving the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). Developing countries will also need to implement significant policy reforms and strengthen institutions to improve the efficiency of service delivery in the face of fiscal constraints. Unlike previous crises, however, this one was not caused by domestic policy failure in developing countries. So better development outcomes will also hinge on a rapid global economic recovery that improves export conditions, terms-of-trade, and affordable capital flows—as well as meeting aid commitments to low-income countries. Global Monitoring Report 2010, seventh in this annual series, is prepared jointly by the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund. It provides a development perspective on the global economic crisis and assesses the impact on developing countries—their growth, poverty reduction, and other MDGs. Finally, it sets out priorities for policy responses, both by developing countries and by the international community.

Across the Bridge Commonwealth Secretariat

Written by an academic at the University of Nairobi, this book seeks to widen both the breadth and depth of the body of knowledge about educational management. The theories and practices are presented as an integrated subject and the issues covered are educational management in perspective, development of management, theories of motivation and job satisfaction, leadership, authority and power, discipline, communication, decision making, supervision, financial management, and human resource

development.

Initiatives Against Corruption in Kenya

International Monetary Fund

The three essays in this publication consider the relationship between human capital investment and economic development, particularly in the context of developing countries. The first article (by Aklilu Habte) reviews the experiences of the World Bank in lending for education, curriculum development, and vocational training. The role of education in cultural as well as economic development is considered. The second article (by George Psacharopoulos) focuses on the productivity of educational investments, examining both the monetary and nonmonetary benefits that flow to individuals and society from such investments and supporting the proposition that returns from educational investments are at least as high as the economic returns from other types of physical capital investment. The final article (by Stephen P. Heyneman) examines the productivity of education in the context of developing countries. Discussed are the minimum cognitive skills required for a farmer to operate efficiently at increasingly difficult levels of technology, and the facilities available in a typical school to deliver those skills. It is suggested that the pressure from increasing enrollments may be widening the gap in school quality between developing and industrialized nations. Despite different perspectives, each article maintains that skepticism about education, while common in developed nations, is not applicable in developing countries. A six-page bibliography concludes the publication. (LP)

Education and Development University of Nairobi Press

Focusing on change and reform in

secondary and elementary schools, this book explores the possibilities for better schooling for early adolescents.

School-Based Management and School Effectiveness World Bank Publications

Education in Sub-Saharan Africa: A Comparative Analysis takes stock of education in Sub-Saharan Africa by drawing on the collective knowledge gained through the preparation of Country Status Reports for more than 30 countries.

Kenya IndyPublish.com

The Population Situation Analysis (PSA) provides the basis for an integrated appraisal of the population and reproductive health dynamics and their impacts on poverty, inequality and development. By integrating a micro and macro analytical approach, the population situation analysis clarifies the interactions between individual behaviour and demographic dynamics. The Population Situation Analysis (PSA) responds to demand by countries that international cooperation should promote national capacity-building and recognize national ownership and leadership as prerequisites for development, in accordance with the principles agreed at the International Conference on Population and Development (ICPD) and the Millennium Declaration. This manual contributes to more efficient evidence-based programming, which relies on increased capacity for data generation, new databases, the consolidation of available evidence and the promotion of the use of hard data. The knowledge generated thr

Population Situation Analysis (PSA)

Anchor

Peeling Back the Mask is an insider's account from one of the Kenyan Prime Minister's former advisers detailing

instances of corruption and fraud at the highest level of Kenyan government. With massive online and media coverage, this book has become the spearhead of a national campaign to aspire to a new corruption-free Kenya. This remarkable book generated twenty thousand hits on the publisher website within hours of its announcement and Google reports Miguna Miguna is in the top five subjects searched online in Africa.

Global Employment Trends Simon and Schuster

Strategies for community management and financing of educational systems in developing countries are presented in this book, which is the outcome of a Commonwealth Secretariat workshop and associated studies. Part 1 deals with preliminary issues such as different types of communities and schools and reasons for community support. Part 2 provides information on establishing and running a school, including registration procedures, buildings and construction, school communities and institutional management, and financial accounting guidelines. Information on raising resources is offered in the third part, such as community level fundraising, government grants, and opportunities for outside support. Part 4 discusses quality controls at the government, agency, and community levels. An annotated bibliography of 23 sources is included. (LMI)

Competency Based Education And Training UN

From the author of the #1 "New York Times" bestselling memoir "A Girl Named Zippy" comes a heartbreaking novel about a young female pool hustler trapped in a small Indiana town.

16-19 Education Government of Canada

This book focuses on the financing of formal primary and secondary education in developing nations. The study does not consider the areas of pre-primary, post-secondary, or nonformal education. Financing includes not only monetary inputs to education, but also material, labor, expertise, and land. The study examines the volume, nature, and mechanics of community financing in a range of settings. Policy issues facing governments and those who work with them are presented. Instruments for incentives, guidance, and control of community activities are considered. Specific strategies from different countries are presented and evaluated, along with the importance of monitoring and evaluation. The paper concludes by summarizing the lessons in the context of debate about centralization and decentralization. Sections of the book include: (1) "Communities and Their Characteristics"; (2) "Scale, Motivation, and Nature of Community Financing"; (3) "Mechanics of Community Financing"; (4) "Policy Issues Confronting Governments"; (5) "Government Incentives, Guidance, and Controls"; (6) "Challenges and Risks"; (7) "Monitoring and Evaluation"; and (8) Conclusion. (Contains an 87-item list of references.) (EH)

ERS Information World Bank Publications

NOBEL PRIZE WINNER • A remarkable memoir of courage, faith, and the power of persistence about one woman's extraordinary journey from her childhood in rural Kenya to the world stage.

"[Maathai's] story provides uplifting proof of the power of perseverance—and of the power of principled, passionate people to change their countries and inspire the world." —The Washington Post In *Unbowed*, Nobel Prize winner Wangari Maathai recounts her

extraordinary life. When Maathai founded the Green Belt Movement in 1977, she began a vital poor people's environmental movement, focused on the empowerment of women, that soon spread across Africa. Persevering through run-ins with the Kenyan government and personal losses, and jailed and beaten on numerous occasions, Maathai continued to fight tirelessly to save Kenya's forests and to restore democracy to her beloved country.

Peeling Back the Mask Routledge

The *Beginners Low Carb* book is not just one of the best collection of recipes but is also very definitive on low-carb eating. You are not just following along, there are helpful tips to guide you and to teach you how to reinvent your own recipes using low carb techniques without using processed foods. There are thirty colorful photos that will help you present dishes that are not just colorful but just as tasty. There are also gluten-free recipes and recipes for diabetics.

Basic Report on Well-being in Kenya

World Bank Publications

This book explores the connections between school-based management, school effectiveness and school improvement, bringing together studies completed in Australia and New Zealand, Canada, the UK and the USA. It describes and analyses how effective principals and teachers perceive and undertake educational change and school-based

management; how a sense of values, vision and school culture can improve leadership; ways in which delegating financial management to schools may lead to improved teaching and learning; and the contribution made by school development planning through reviews and evaluation to school improvement. Finally, it suggests future directions for study and research in school effectiveness, school improvement and school-based management.

Improving Student Retention in Higher Education Routledge

Incorporating the most recent data available for 2002, this report analyses current labour market trends and examines the impact of the global economic downturn and post 11 September developments upon different world regions. Covering Latin America and the Caribbean, East Asia, South East Asia, the Middle East and North Africa and sub-Saharan Africa, the transition economies and industrial countries, it focuses on the distinct labour market characteristics and challenges faced by each region and economic group. It also traces factors contributing to the global employment decline, such as the increase in informal sector employment, the decrease in employment in information and communication technology, as well as extensive jobs losses in the travel and tourism industries and the export and labour-intensive manufacturing sectors.